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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/887,282	06/22/2001	Leslie Mark Ernest	FIS920010124US1	. 6450
Sean F. Sulliva	. 7590 02/06/2007		EXAM	INER
Cantor Colburn LLP 55 Griffin Road South Bloomfield, CT 06002			JABR, FADEY S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Biodimeia, C	1 00002		3628	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/06/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		09/887,282	ERNEST ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
	•	Fadey S. Jabr	3628		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>22 No.</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under Expression 22 No.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	•		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) 7-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 7-12 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers	vn from consideration.			
	•	· ·	·		
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 					
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
2) Notice 3) Infor	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

Claim 8 has been amended. Claims 7-12 remain pending and are again presented for examination.

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments filed 22 November 2006, with respect to 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Examiner notes that the system is extracting the customer's perceived value of IT services through the use of structured interviews and workshops, where the information derived from the interviews and workshops is not necessarily consistent. For instance, one interviewer can derive a different perception of the customer value of IT for customer A than another interviewer would derive for customer A. Therefore, the information derived from the interviews and workshops is inherently subjective. Thus, the 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, rejection is upheld.
- 2. Applicant's amendments filed 22 November 2006, with respect to 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, have been fully considered and are therefore withdrawn.
- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 22 November 2006, with respect to 35 U.S.C. 101, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the result is not a subjective value. However, Examiner notes that if subjective data is input into a system, the result will also be a subjective result that was based on subjective input. For instance, if the interviewer derives a value for customer A, the value inputted into the system is subjective and therefore the result is subjective. Further, if a different interviewer derives a different value for the same information

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from customer A, the value inputted into the system is still subjective, and therefore a different result for the same customer using the same system. Thus, the 35 U.S.C. 101 rejection is upheld.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 5. Claims 7-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The recitation "said customer value proposition" is believed to lack enablement. The customer value proposition is a subjective value formulated from structured interviews and workshops with the customer, as recited on page 9 of the Applicant's specification. The level of predictability in the art would not be sufficient to accurately determine the customer value proposition, seeing as the value is based on one's perception of the customer's needs. Therefore, the best fit location recited in claim 7 would not be repeatable seeing as the user input (customer value proposition) is subjective and as a result varies. The best fit location (output) will therefore be inconsistent for the same customer depending on the user's input and customer value proposition. Further, the level of one of ordinary skill would lack the ability to recreate the Applicant's invention based on the disclosure as written. See MPEP § 2164.04 (a).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

As per <u>Claims 7-12</u>, In determining whether the claimed subject matter is statutory under 35 U.S.C. 101, a practical application test should be conducted to determine whether a "useful, concrete and tangible result" is accomplished. See *AT&T Corp. v. Excel Communications, Inc.*, 172 F.3d 1352, 1359-60, 50 USPQ2d 1447, 1452-53 (Fed. Cir. 1999); *State Street Bank & Trust Co. v. Signature Financial Group, Inc.*, 149 F.3d 1368, 1373, 47 USPQ2d 1596, 1600 (Fed. Cir. 1998).

An invention, which is eligible or patenting under 35 U.S.C. 101, is in the "useful arts" when it is a machine, manufacture, process or composition of matter, which produces a concrete, tangible, and useful result. The fundamental test for patent eligibility is thus to determine whether the claimed invention produces a "use, concrete and tangible result". The test for practical application as applied by the examiner involves the determination of the following factors"

- (a) "Useful" The Supreme Court in *Diamond v. Diehr* requires that the examiner look at the claimed invention as a whole and compare any asserted utility with the claimed invention to determine whether the asserted utility is accomplished. Applying utility case law the examiner will note that:
 - i. the utility need not be expressly recited in the claims, rather it may be inferred.
 - ii. if the utility is not asserted in the written description, then it must be well established.

functionality to be realized.

(b) "Tangible" – Applying *In re Warmerdam*, 33 F.3d 1354, 31 USPQ2d 1754 (Fed. Cir. 1994), the examiner will determine whether there is simply a mathematical construct claimed, such as a disembodied data structure and method of making it. If so, the claim involves no more than a manipulation of an abstract idea and therefore, is nonstatutory under 35 U.S.C. 101. In *Warmerdam* the abstract idea of a data structure became capable of producing a useful result when it was fixed in a tangible medium, which enabled its

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(c) "Concrete" – Another consideration is whether the invention produces a "concrete" result. Usually, this question arises when a result cannot be assured. An appropriate rejection under 35 U.S.C. 101 should be accompanied by a lack of enablement rejection, because the invention cannot operate as intended without undue experimentation.

The claims, as currently recited, appear to be directed to nothing more than a determining a position on a matrix without any concrete and tangible result and are therefore deemed to be non-statutory. For instance, the customer value proposition is a subjective value which not tangible and therefore cannot be concrete. Seeing as the value is not tangible and concrete, the value is not repeatable, which is a requirement for a claim to be statutory. In the present application, the best fit location is determined based on the customer value proposition's location, since the customer value proposition is not tangible and concrete, the best fit location cannot be tangible and concrete. Further, the Applicant's result is merely a location on the matrix. The result fails to use the output to determine what tangible and concrete actions a user needs to carry out. As recited the claim merely corresponds the best fit location to a degree of centralization or

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consolidation to be implemented. The degree of centralization and consolidation is based on factors that are not tangible or concrete and therefore cannot be tangible or concrete.

Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that the applicant, in preparing the responses, fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Fadey S. Jabr whose telephone number is (571) 272-1516. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri. 7:30am to 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Hayes can be reached on (571) 272-6708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Fadey S Jabr Examiner Art Unit 3628

FSJ

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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